BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, June 3rd, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, IN ADVANCE; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. 1863.

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE, first issued in 1841, in its twenty-second years, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,600
Aggregate	215,375

Preeminently a journal of News and of Literature, THE TRIBUNE has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word REPUBLICAN. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its strenuous, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

THE TRIBUNE devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to Education, Temperance, Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every important army and report every battle, and its columns are mainly devoted to the speedy and conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted, bleeding country. We believe that not otherwise can a rational and adequate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the cooperation of all friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to increase the price of THE TRIBUNE. Our new terms are:

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BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, PROPRIETOR

IN addition to the conveniences of a first class Hotel, the Proprietor has fitted up in his house, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

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oc22. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

BEAVER ARGUS.

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to TWELVE lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

Opinion of the Richmond Enquirer on the Summer Campaign.

The Richmond *Enquirer* of the 15th ult., contains the following editorial article:

"There is evidently to be an active summer campaign. The plan of the enemy seems to be to keep our attention constantly excited at every point at once, so that no part of our whole wide frontier may be freed from the urgent immediate apprehension of an attack.

"Then they can strike where they think our line is weakest or our defences least perfect, and if repulsed, can retire and direct a blow at some other quarter. In the meantime they can bag much plunder and cause much sorrow and heartbreak to our people by expeditions through thinly peopled regions, destitute of troops, and also can force more of our people within their lines to take their hated oath, for a quiet life and to save their property from confiscation.

"Thus they can both demoralize and rob us within our own border, preparing all the while serious assaults, and delivering them just when they are ready and when they choose.

"It is hard to say at what point they are most active just now. If one looks Southwestward it would seem that the State of Mississippi is the region of the most extensive operations. Immense armies are gathering around Vicksburg, and while preparations are in progress for a new assault upon that place, the back country is devastated and the people plundered by cavalry raids.

"But at the very same moment Charleston is kept on the *qui vive* by energetic preparations for another attack by sea and land, or both at once. The object may be only to prevent General Beauregard from sending away any of the troops which now defend Charleston.

"At the same instant, too, Burnside threatens East Tennessee, and Hooker, largely reinforced, is expected to cross the Rappahannock somewhere or other, from Culpepper to Port Royal.

"To keep some of our forces employed in the defence of Richmond, reinforcements are sent to Fortress Monroe, and lest any part of the country should have to assist, the enemy's gunboats are harassing North Carolina.

"In the Raleigh Register of the 13th inst., we read 'gunboats continue to prowl up and down the Chowan and Perquimons rivers.' They steal everything they can lay hands on, have broken up a number of fisheries, have broken up a number of fisheries. They stole some four thousand dollars' worth of jewelry from a man named Cook breaking up his furniture, etc., and committed other depredations.'

"In one instance they entered a soldier's house, broke the crockery, furniture, &c. Five or six thousand Yankees are reported to be in Plymouth, and several gunboats in the Sound. There is no enemy at Edenton or Elizabeth city.

"They recently burnt a mill on the Chowan, the property of Mr. Haye, situated a mile below Winton. Some persons entertain the idea that the force at Plymouth meditate an expedition up the Roanoke.

"The great number of the enemy's forces and multitudes of their shipping make it easy for them to carry on simultaneously all these operations, and they do not care for delay, for it is our people who are suffering, not them. The longer this style of warfare lasts, the greater will be the mass of plunder carried North.

"The more of our mills, machine shops and railroads they have destroyed, the more of our material, resources they will have ruined and wasted, the better chance they think they will have for an irresistible advance at last. They are in no hurry.

"Last year, indeed, there was urgent haste to get the rebellion crushed in thirty days or ninety. Now we hear much less of the vehement urgency, and the whole Yankee nation seems to have laid out its accounts for war as the settled business of life, rather than consent to peace and separation.

"They are perfectly willing to fight upon the present system for twenty years or forty. They are willing during all that time to go on submitting to such defeats as they have sustained at Fredericksburg and on the Rappahannock, because by these defeats they lose not a foot of ground.

"They lose nothing but men, and they are of less value to them than us. To kill one thousand Southern soldiers they would be willing at any time to sacrifice five thousand Hessians to sustain a repulse, which they would represent, however as a mere retreat for strategic reasons, and they would regard the transaction as a paying one on the whole.

"One thousand gallant Southern lives lost to us are ill balanced by five thousand of their base hirelings. Jackson alone is a dearer loss to us than Hooker and his whole hundred and fifty thousand would be to them. And they speculate that it may be Lee's turn next, or Longstreet's, and that at any rate they are killing us slowly off.

"And in the meantime they are stealing much and ruining more, and their women and children are safe at home. Many of them dress better than ever before, in the spoils of our homes, while Confederate women and children are rented out of house and home and chased like wild beasts.

"In short, if we can endure this war for the next half century, they can and will wish us joy of our victories and our glory.

"We urge nothing, suggest nothing hint nothing. We only state the facts. Such is the policy of the enemy; such is his calculation, and such is his interest and intent."

Life in Richmond.

The Richmond *Whig* of the 14th ult, in an article exhibiting the prevalence of vice in that city, reproduces the following from a correspondent of the Atlanta (Ga.) *Commonwealth*:

"Richmond is, I suppose, at this time, one of the most undesirable places in the Confederacy. The old inhabitants of the place, most of them, are either away or keep themselves within doors. The offscourings of creation are assembled here for the vilest purposes. It is really dangerous for one to walk the streets, in some parts of the city, after night.—Burglaries, thefts and robberies are of nightly occurrence, and not unfrequently the papers of the morning record murders committed the night previous.

"Here, too, the miserable, thieving gamblers can be counted by the hundreds. Main street, as you may know, is the most fashionable street of the city, and in this street, between Seventh and Fourteenth streets, are the most valuable houses in the city.—While the lower stories of these buildings are devoted to lawful purposes, the upper are the dens of iniquity and shame. The gambling tables are spread, and the cards are dealt out nightly, and thousands are won and lost; and frequently, to make the unsuspecting stake his last dollar, he is drugged with poisonous whiskey.

"To cap the climax of their wickedness, it is not unfrequently the case that common women of the town have apartments hard by the gambler's table. How degenerate! How many men, in an evil hour, have been fleeced of their all by these practical swindlers? How many families, in an hour or a day, have been reduced to penury and wretchedness? Truly, war is a great calamity. For the time it seems that principle yields to passion, honesty to avarice, virtue to temptest, loses her empire. It may be asked, why is all this allowed?—Why do not the authorities prevent it? This I can't answer. Some think such are necessary evils—the most criminal cannot well be put down. The wickedness of this city, and its contaminating influences, are certainly greatly to be deplored.

The Copperhead Platform.

By dint of much exertion and great enterprise, one of our young men has succeeded in compiling the following true and reliable statement of the principles professed by the new party. He has had his hair cut, and is doing well on low diet. In case our readers should wish to know more, it is not impossible that Mr. Mahoney, and (hic) Saulsbury, of Delaware, may be able to communicate. Here is the platform, "so far as heard from:"

I. The Constitution as it is, and the Union as it might, could, would, should or shouldn't have been.

II. An armistice of twelve years for deliberation.

III. The Union, at all hazards.

IV. A new Confederation of States comprising all but New England.

V. A vigorous persecution of the War.

VI. The peaceful departure of our wayward sisters.

VII. A military dictatorship for some man who is "coming."

VIII. An armistice and alliance of one year, to enable the belligerents to capture Canada.

IX. Unconditional restauration of the Union.

X. A request for mediation from England and France.

XI. A commission appointed from North and South, without cessation of hostilities.

XII. Resignation of the present Administration, and appointment of a provisional Assembly instead.

XIII. The Union forever.

XIV. Abolition of Anti-slavery.

XV. Vigorous procrastination of the War.

XVI. Repeal of the Sunday Liquor Law.

XVII. The integrity of the Habeas Corpus.

XVIII. The Union before the Nigger.

XIX. Speedy recognition of the Southern Confederacy.

XX. The Union.

IMMIGRATION TO MINNESOTA.—The Minnesota papers speak of an increased immigration to many parts of that State. Many of the immigrants are from Holland, and have gone to Minnesota on the advice of their friends here. They are a hardy and industrious looking people, and will make first-class settlers. They all have farming implements, stock, household goods, &c., with them, and plenty of money.

The First American Copperhead.

The origin of species has always been a problem in science. Where that particular species of reptile originated, known as the "Copperhead," and which the *Crisis* thinks so inoffensive, except in August, [when it goes blind from the virulence of its venom, (!)] has been a query that we have heretofore been unable to solve. But, after listening to Vallandigham's Fast Day speech at the State House esteps, we felt the assurance in our mind, somewhat nebulous at first but still certain, that we had somewhere, before, read something similar to his sentiments. His bitter invectives against the government authorities, whom he called "your oppressors;" his strained and stilted scolding because, as he said and as the *Crisis* weekly says, the citizen does not "dare to speak or write against the tyranny which has robbed you of your property, imprisons your sons drags you to the field of battle, and is daily deluging your country with blood,"—sentiments like these rehearsed and recapitulated with all the phrases and paraphrases that the ingenuity of language could supply, sounded to us as though we had read the same somewhere in a book. When Vallandigham and the *Crisis* magnify the terrors of war and denounced the President because he did not listen to Jeff Davis' syren song of peace in words something like these—"Your country once was happy; and *had the proffered peace been embraced*, the last two years of misery had been spent in peace and plenty, and repairing the desolation of a quarrel that would have set the interests of the North and the South in a true light, and cemented their friendship,"—hearing these sentiments from Vallandigham, our mind became still more certainly assured somewhere in our reading we had happened upon doctrines and sentiments precisely similar. And when he proclaimed that he gave his promise of most affectionate welcome to all who are disposed to join him in measures necessary to stop the war and to close the scene of our afflictions, in order that we might escape all taxes but such as we think fit to impose on ourselves,—then we felt satisfied that we had assuredly read the same sentiments before, and we came to the sad conclusion that this Captain of Copperheads had been appropriating some of the blessed ider to their own use. We, according ly resolved to examine our library, to turn over the thumbed and dog-eared pages of former reading in order to hold [illegible] we found it. The whole was found written in the "PROCLAMATION of BENEDICT ARNOLD (1) to the citizens and soldiers of the United States, issued, October 20th, 1780"—only one month after his treason to the United States had been revealed. In that proclamation of Benedict Arnold, so strikingly similar to Vallandigham's speech as to suggest the former to our remembrance, you will find it thus written:—

"You are promised liberty by the leaders of your affairs, but is there an individual in the enjoyment of it, saving your oppressors? Who among you dare speak or write what he thinks against the tyranny which has robbed you of your property, imprisoned your sons *drags you to the field of battle, and is daily deluging your country with your blood!*

"Your country once was happy, and *had the proffered peace been embraced the last two years of misery had been spent in peace and plenty*, and repairing the desolation of a quarrel that would have set the interests of Great Britain and America in a true light, and cemented their friendship.

"I wish to lead a chosen band of Americans to the attainment of *peace, liberty* and *safety*, the first objects in taking the field.

"What is America but a land of widows, orphans and beggars; but what need of arguments to such as feel infinitely more misery than tongue can express? *I give my promise of most affectionate welcome to all who are disposed to join me in measures necessary to close the scene of your affliction*, which must be increased until we are content with the liberality of the parent country, who still offers us protection and perpetual exemption from all taxes but such as we shall think fit to impose upon ourselves."

[Signed] BENEDICT ARNOLD.

When we discovered this document with the name of BENEDICT ARNOLD attached to, knew, at once, where the 'Copperheads' originated. We had there discovered the paternity of the whole species of American Copperheads, with no "family record" so abundantly given, under the sign manual, too, of the first of that species, as to leave no question of the legitimacy of the succession. Nor can we perceive any deterioration in the family traits. The qualties of the common ancestor of this species of reptiles have been found transmissible by strict entailment, so that nothing of virulence nor venom has been lost in the course of descent. What Benedict 'The First' proclaimed in 1780, Clement the Last, and the "blessed martyr" to the family faith, equally proclaimed on Fast Day in 1863. The lapse of four score and three years has made no change in the family traits or temperament.—What they were in Oct., 1780, they will be in August, 1863. Let the Nation beware of them.—*Ohio State Journal*.

A Funeral in the Forest.

As I came in sight of the camp, a military wagon and a guard of soldiers were bearing one of their comrades to his last resting place. It was a mournful sight. The deceased was a fine young man from Nantucket, highly esteemed, and brave, but his last battle was fought. I turned and followed the little procession. The sun had set, and twilight was fading into night. They entered a narrow glen which led into a dark forest, and stopping at a small open space, silently lowered the soldier into his grave. No chaplain was present, the regiment had none, nor were mothers or sisters there to drop the tears of affection. I thought how dreary to be buried without mourners. But as the grave filled slowly and noiselessly with the soft mold I could hear the soft breathing and the suppressed sob, though it was so dark I could not see faces. There were mourners, tell those bereaved ones on the ocean isle, for the soldier has a heart of tenderness; comrades in war are brothers; and ere the grave was full there was the audible expression of a brother's grief. Then all was hushed, heads were uncovered, and the Lieutenant-Colonel slowly and solemnly repeated the Lord's prayer. I never heard it sound so solemn. As we turned away I addressed the officer in words of sympathy, telling him who I was. He seemed astonished at seeing me. "Yes," said he, "these are dark days for us." The sad tone in which he uttered this, the gloom of the forest, of the gathering night, of the grave, and of the shattered regiment all about us,—I wish that every friend of the army could realize what I did at that moment, I am sure they would have been mourners too. I waited to minister relief, but it was almost too melancholy an hour for faith itself to enlighten or cheer.

Married and Unmarried Ladies.

The situation of a married and unmarried female, it must be confessed, is very unequal; the former having greatly the advantage in the scale of earthly happiness; and the world thirty-five the [illegible] sidered in the room of inferior, as single woman is looked upon as *passe*. Again the wife has less necessity to *roam*. She has duties to perform let her situation in life be what it may, to which the single woman cannot turn to vary the monotony of her existence. The matron, if she be a mother, will find sufficient stimulous to keep up or revive the early instruction, which is one of the woman's sweetest pleasures to give to her offspring the knowledge and accomplishments which she feared in her youth. What pleasure can be higher or more unalloyed to the bestower—what sight more enduring to the beholder—than a matron over whose brow the shadow of time, like that on the dial has passed, yet lent much of the sunny light of life behind, leading her fair daughter to emulate the graces of which she herself is so fair a patron? Or mark a son, in all the pride of youthful manhood paying back with love, little short of adoration, the cares of her whose gentle instructions first lured him to seek the wider paths of knowledge, and to whose knee his infant prayer was first breathed?—Other feelings grow cold—other memories pass away; but the gentle image of the mother who has watched our childhood—her love, her tenderness, her unwearied devotion, will be forever mirrored in the human heart.

Eye-Sight.

Milton's blindness was in consequence of over-work and dyspepsia. Multitudes of men and women have made their eyes weak for life by the too free use of reading, sitting by the and doing fine sewing. In doing those things it is well to observe the following rules in the use of the eyes:

Avoid all sudden changes between light and darkness.

Never begin to read, or write, or sew, for several minutes after coming from darkness to a bright light.

Never read by twilight or moonlight, or of a cloudy day.

Never read or sew directly in front of a light window, or door.

It is better to have the light from above, obliquely over the left shoulder.

Never sleep so that on the first waking the eye shall open on the light of a window.

Do not use the eyesight by a light so scant that it requires an effort to discriminate.

The moment that you are instinctively prompted to rub the eyes, that moment cease using them.—[Hall's Journal of Health.

☞A Western orator, in a slang-whang address to the unterrified voters of Carapolis, said, that to save his country, a patriot should be willing to die, even if it *took his life*."

Maj.-Gen. Rosecrans on Slavery.

For some weeks past a controversy has been going between on between *The Catholic Telegraph*, of Cincinnati, edited by the Very Rev. E Purcell, brother of the distinguished Archbishop of Cincinnati, and a pro-slavery Catholic journal of that city. The learned editor of *The Telegraph* insists and proves that the Catholic Church and slavery never got along well together; that the Church abolished that peculiar institution wherever she came in contact with it, and that it is only in America Catholics have ever been found advocating slavery. The controversy has called forth the following letter from Maj.-Gen. Rosecrans, which appears in a late number of *The Telegraph*. The editor says: "He (Rosecrans) has never been an Abolitionist, and has, like ourselves, stood up for the Democracy.

MURFREESBORO, April 27, 1863.

MY DEAR FATHER EDWARD:—The rebels grabbed the last letter I wrote to you but they will draw very little consolation from its contents. * * * I am happy to see the splendid stand you took in *The Telegraph* against slavery, with its horrors, barbarities, and base immoralities. Slavery is dead. Nothing can resuscitate it. To learn this fact fully, you should pay us a visit. There is not a negro in the south who does not know he is free. Around here they have squatted on the plantations, and refuse to work for any one but themselves.—They have sown little crops.

As an indication I will cite strong case. The lady of the house where I am staying attempted to punish a negro woman this morning. I had to save the mistress from being badly used up, as the darkey was belaboring her with a stick intended for her own punishment. *Exemo nocentes.*" It is needless for me to say that I applaud every sentement you have expressed in the *Telegraph*. Your cause is that of a prudent navigator who, watching the black speck on the horizon, sees it expand into a portentous storm, and calls up his crew to take in sail and prepare for a contest with the elements. The storm will pass away and you will be found sailing under full sail, while those who took no heed will be scattered by the gale. * * I am heart and hand with you in this case. Slavery is doomed, and those who would now uphold it will be held up in a very short time to public execration and religion will [illegible] generation. No states. gusting features, debasing the higher principles of nature, warring with religion, and patronizing vice and immorality. Almighty God has certainly ordained its destruction in this country, where it has been more offensive and immoral than in any other, and until it is utterly extinct this war cannot, from the nature of things, cease. I am in favor of a cessation of hostilities at as early a day as possible; therefore I am in favor of the President's Proclamation. This State was made for white people and free labor, and when slavery no longer blights its borders we may expect to see the church and the school house take the place of the slave pen and the market.

The *Lancaster Examiner* says that the Rev. Father Purcell, to whom the above letter was written, was formerly a practising lawyer of that city, and is remembered by many of its citizens as a prominent Democrat, and a highly accomplished gentleman. His Democracy was of the Jackson school, and not such as is taught by Vallandigham & Co.

Hints for the Season.

Grafts should be carefully inspected, and re-waxed wherever needed. Owing to the growth of the tree and the action of the sun and wind, grafts which may have been waxed with the utmost care will sometimes require a second application.

Budding, a very simple process when once understood, and which is very easy to understand, must be attempted, especially are much more successfully budded than grafted; but all other fruits can be propagated in this way.

Keep your strawberry beds thoroughly free from grass and weeds of all kinds. Now is the time to mulch the beds (in order that you may have clean fruit. Spent tan is very good, but straw cut six to eight inches in length is excellent. It should be carefully placed about the vines with the hand.

Asparagus beds are more benefitted by a good dose of salt (the commonest kind will answer, or even meat pickle) than any other application—But it will kill everything else.—Young asparagus beds should never be salted, even in the slightest degree. Salt, strange, to say, on the young beds is almost certain destruction.

Plant your corn patches at an interval ten or twelve days up the end of June, and you will have corn to the beginning of November. Stowell's Evergreen is the best.

Garden walks which are troubled with grass and weeds, can be kept clean by a plentiful application of pickle from the meat tubs, the contents of a mackerel barrel, or any coarse salt.—*Germantown Telegraph*.

Sketch of Col. Grierson.

The gallant leader of the recent cavalry raid through Mississippi, Col. Benjamin H. Grierson, is a native of Pennsylvania, having been born in Pittsburg in the month of July, 1827. Consequently he is nearly thirty-six years of age. At a very early age he removed to Trumbull county, Ohio, in which State he resided for nearly fifteen years, and then moved to Jacksonville, Illinois, where he resided when the present war broke out.—Shortly after hostilities commenced he left for Cairo to join a company that had been raised in his town; but on arrival there he went on duty as aid to Gen. Prentiss. When the Sixth Illinois cavalry was organized he was organized he was elected Major of that regiment, but remained on detached service as aid to General Prentiss, with whom he served with distinction. On the 28th of March, 1862, when Col. Cavanaugh resigned, Major Grierson was unanimously elected by the officers to fill his place, and in December, 1862, he was ordered to command the First brigade of cavalry, consisting of the Sixth and Seventh Illinois and Second Iowa regiments. Col. Grierson with his command, has been engaged in all the cavalry skirmishes and raids of West Tennessee and Northern Mississippi, and in every affair has been successful. Officers and men worship him almost, and are ready to follow wherever he will lead.

COPPERHEADS DRILLING.—The Springfield (Ill.) *Journal* learns that about 300 rebel sympathizers, fully armed, met at Dobson's Prairie, about twelve miles from Marshal, in Clark county, on May 9th, for the purpose of drill parade. They were instructed in the exercise by two men—one belonging to Morgan's gang, and the other to General Price's army, and gave evidence that they were fully acquainted with military tactics. Parties of Copperheads have been holding meetings and drilling at Castleton, six miles north of Marshall, also at Martinsville. The meeting on Saturday seemed to be a concentration of the forces for parade, etc. The same paper notices the arrival at Springfield of John Amburn and G. W. Sampson, living near Athens, in Menard county, who had been arrested for treason.

KILLED BY EXPOSURE.—The Copperhead demonstration in New York on the subject of Vallandigham's arrest [illegible] too much for the cards, until this rebellion is crushed and its Northern sympathizers receive their just desert in the shape of everlasting ignominy, at the bar of sound public opinion. These demagogues have been clamoring for free speech, and now that is the very thing that has undone them.

THE BALL ROLLING SOUTH.—The Nashville Union Club numbers five hundred members, loyal and true. At a meeting of the Club the evening of the 21st ult., a resolution was unanimously passed that slavery dishonors labor, smothers enterprise; is incompatible with intelligence, sound morality and the permanency of the Republic; that it prevents the development of the resources of the State, drives out the industrious and lessens the free population of a free country. The resolution declares it should be abolished as soon as compatible with the safety of slaves and interests of loyal masters.

☞Smith (an army contractor, ordering books for his new house up town)—"It's no use bringing me those books to look at; I know nothing about them. Just measure and see how many it will take to fill the shelves. You may scatter some Bibles and Testaments among 'em, just to give a moral tone to the affair. And be sure and have plenty of gilding on the backs."

☞In appropriating the draft, upon [illegible] of troops already furnished, and the three years men will be taken as the basis. Thus three regiments of two years men will be considered as equivalent to only two regiments, and four regiments of nine months to one regiment of three years men.

☞A woman up in Vermont has been bound over for trial on a charge of spreading the small-pox. She sent her children to school while afflicted with the disease.

☞Mr. Hobb says he has one of the most obedient boys in the world; he tells him to do as he pleases, and he does it without murmuring.

☞"How is it," said Pat, as he trudged along on foot one hot, sultry day, "that a man never meets a team going the same way he is."

☞The editor of the Charleston Mercury discusses "the evils of peace." He seems to think that war is man's moral condition, and peace a dangerous disease.

BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, June 3rd, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

For Supreme Judge,

HON. DANIEL AGNEW,

OF BEAVER COUNTY.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., & 6 State st., Boston, are our Agents for the ARGUS in those cities and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our *Lowest Rates.*

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the Beaver *Argus*, all those indebted to me for subscription, job work, etc., will please call and settle immediately with J. L. Anderson, who is authorized to receipt in my name.
Feb. 19, '63. T. C. NICHOLSON.

☞ Daniel Harvey, of Raccoon tp., requests to say that he will not be a candidate for the office of County Treasurer at the present time.

Agricultural Notice.

The members of the Board of Mangers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society, are requested to meet at the Court House, on Saturday next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is requested. By order

A. G. M'GREARY,
Beaver, June 1, '63. Sec'y.

☞ We are requested to state that the Primary Meeting of the Union Party of Economy township, to elect delegates to the County Convention of the 15th inst., will be held at the house of Washington Davis, in said township.

PICKLES FOR THE SOLDIERS.—An exchange says: "Why not each farmer set aside a small piece of land for the soldiers—a patch of Cucumbers, another of Onions and any other vegetables. We are sure the ladies will take care of them. Then in the fall make vinegar from the refuse cider, and we shall have plenty of pickles for our soldiers. Let them be sent in barrels rather than jars. They are absolutely necessary to prevent scurvy and other diseases incident to the army."

☞ We expect to commence, in our next issue, the publication of a series of articles discussing the "Bible View of Slavery," or in other words, "Does the Bible sanction Slavery?" From the high reputation and well-known ability of our correspondent, our readers may expect the subject [illegible] of this question.

We ask our readers in advance to give these articles a careful perusal.

Killing Insectivorous Birds.

By an Act of the Legislature of April, 1858, the killing or in any way destroying any blue bird, swallow, martin or other insectivorous bird, at any season of the year, is an offence, punished with a fine of two dollars for every violation. By the same Act, if any person shall at any time wilfully destroy the eggs or nests of any birds hereto-fore mentioned, within this Commonwealth, they shall for every such offence, on conviction, pay a fine of two dollars. Notwithstanding the above provisions, we notice a number of boys and men openly violating the same. The Act was wisely intended to protect the Gardener and Farmer, and yet many, too ignorant to comprehend or understand what is for their interest, foolishly and criminally disregard the law. We desire merely to call attention to the law, and hope those who are interested in this matter will see that the law is enforced. If any still persist in wilful violation, it is the duty of every good citizen to inform on them, before a Justice of the Peace, whose duty it is to take cognizance and collect the fine. For making the information the law allows the informer one half the costs of these birds, as they are liable for the acts of the children, and may suffer accordingly.

☞ The rebels have an intense hatred against Vallandigham, and the men who are in favor of peace, and the restoration of the United."

The above is the cry of the Northern copperhead journals; but an editorial in the Richmond *Examiner*, on the arrest of Vallandigham, puts a different face on the story. "It says: "If sympathy for an individual and an enemy were permitted, sorrow for the fate of Vallandigham would be felt by most men of heart in the South. Vallandigham, Pierce and one or two other citizens of the United States have displayed the higest courage and the most honorable patriotism amid the wickedness of their country. They will hold in the history of their times a place not less honorable than that allotted to Chatham and Burke, in the parallel story of the war between England and the Colonies.

Vallandigham, the Traitor.

Our readers will remember that this miserable demagogue and arch-traitor, who has been for a long time disturbing the peace of the loyal people of the North, was at length arrested by the order of Maj. Gen. Burnside for ventilating his treasonable and most detestable sentiments, at certain public meetings in Ohio.

This blatant and foul-mouthed traitor had for a long time been busy endeavoring to create a feeling of enmity in the whole North against the constituted authorities of the Government, and because the Government was unwilling to proceed to harsh and severe measures, even with those who are armed for the destruction of our free institutions, he felt sure he could say and do whatever his wicked and corrupt heart might dictate with perfect impunity.

Every intelligent citizen knows, from the history of the whole matter, that after being arrested, he was fairly, fully and impartially tried by a Military Court composed of men who stand high for their sound judgment, integrity, intelligence and patriotism, and was found guilty of all the charges made against him, and by the same Court was sentenced to continement on the Dry Tortugas for two years. This finding and sentence was approved by Gen. Burnside, and the proceedings transmitted to the President, and the finding was by him approved, but instead of confinement, the President reduced his punishment, by ordering that he be sent beyond our military lines, and within those of the Southern rebels he professed to love so well. Many friends of the Government feared that the unprincipled scoundrel would be treated with too much leniency. Instead of imprisonment or hanging, either of which might have been justly meted out to this traitor and blatant and noisy, demagogue, he has been sent South to receive the warm carresses and welcomes and loud applause of his brother traitors. If the President made this change in the sentence of the leader of the Northern traitors to test his sincerity in the doctrines he preached to his miserable and deluded followers, it may possibly to some extent meet the approbation of the loyal portion of the American people.

If he has been sent to the South to try his courage, and to discover whether he is really beyond the lines, to his Southern friends, as an act of ways tempered, we have an opinion that the act will not be approved by the loyal and patriotic people of the North, who are willing to make every sacrifice for the support of our Government, because the crimes of Vallandigham have reached a magnitude of baseness and turpitude which deprived him of the mercy of man, and the forgiveness of God. He is a traitor of the meanest and most cowardly character, and those who sympathize with him are no better, and we think a hundred fold worse.

We sincerely hope that as in Vallandigham's case, every traitor, every noisy demagogue who either as an editor and stump speaker spits forth his foul and venemous abuse against our Government, or our armies, may be speedily arrested, tried and promptly sent at least to their Southern friends where they properly belong. It is certainly time that the power of the Government in relation to such men should be at once tested. If there is not virtue sufficient in the Constitution to reach such infamous fiends—if there is not sufficient vigor in the laws to punish and exterminate the whole brood of fiends and demons, then the Government is truly defenceless, and may at any time fall a prey to such traitors. The Northern people have established fully before the world their power, successfully, to contend martial vigor of the men in our patriot armies have proven themselves traitors, in every battle which has yet been fought, and when they have failed it has only been by the force of circumstances with which they were surrounded, or where treason misled them or refused to support them.

Let the Government now show its power and capacity to contend with and utterly overthrow the traitors which have sprung up in the North as it has done in Vallandigham's case. Let all such everywhere in the North be arrested, tried forthwith, and when convicted, be as quickly disposed of. When this is done, rebellion and all sympathy for it will soon be at an end.

☞ Bishop Simpson, of the M. E. Church, is about to change his residence from Evanston, Ill., to Philadelphia.

Nothing Definite.

Delays are very annoying sometimes, and not often more so than they are at present, in affording no certain indication of the result of the siege of Vicksburg. The series of brilliant victories, which followed one another so rapidly previous to the investment of the defended city, led every one to conclude that the grand finale was very near; and having made up our minds to expect news to that effect in a very brief period, we feel disappointed when it does not come.

At this distance it is not easy to form an opinion with regard to the amount of shelling and battering which must be done before the place will surrender, and therefore there is no philosophy in growing impatient. It is evident that the rebels have given up the hope of saving the city or the army defending it, and there is no reason to doubt that both will soon be in the possession of our troops.—The victory is, in fact, won already, in the battles which have been fought; for the object of the Confederates, in fighting so desperately, was to protect the last route by which they could pass to the States west of the Mississippi. This has been destroyed, and all that remains to be done is to destroy the now encompassed city and capture the army in it.

Should the rebels be reinforced, the the troops which arrive cannot get to the beleagured defenders, and must either retreat or fight on the outside, without any advantages from defensive works; and reinforcements to our army can be sent to the scene of conflict more rapidly than theirs can be brought upon the ground.

There is, therefore, no reason to doubt that the conquest of the Mississippi valley is complete; and should Vicksburg be able to hold out a few days longer, the protracted struggle cannot greatly alter the position of affairs.

FIRE.

On Monday about 4 o'clock, a fire broke out in Townsend's frame row on Broadway above Apple Street, occasioned by a domestic putting a quantity of shavings in the fire which by reason of a defective flue communicated with the wood near the roof. The alarm was speedily given but the fire had gained such headway before much had been done that any hopes of saving the row, or even the three or four houses North of it were very slim, and in consequence the goods [illegible] the row in which the fire originated, occupied by Moses Nott as a dwelling and very nearly all of the beds, bedding and furniture. In the next tenement, occupied as a dwelling and coal cellar by Mr John Weddle, more of the furniture was saved but the greater portion of the bedding was destroyed.—Both these families lost nearly all their personal clothing except what they had on. The loss of the former would probably be covered by $150, while that of the latter would exceed $300.

In the next tenement occupied by the owner of the property, Mr. Talbot Townsend, most of the furniture and other property was got out, and the loss is slight in this respect, the next building was occupied by M. A. Townsend as a newsdepot. Everything was got out, but in the confusion, and want of a proper watch a quantity of small articles are missing. The next building was occupied by Milton Townsend as a shoe and hat store.—Here the large window and door were carefully removed, the goods all got safely out, and even the shelving removed by willing hands. This building was not injured either by fire or water and the only loss is some shoes that were walked off without feet in them, and the expense of refitting the interior. Another building still to the north, owned and occupied by Mrs. Hartman, thought to be in danger was delivered of its furniture.

After some delay the Mechanic engine was got to the bank of the canal and done good service in staying the progress of the flames, but for the want of a sufficiency of hose could not apply the water to the most needed place.—*New Brighton Times, May 28th.*

RESISTING THE ENROLLMENT.—Yesterday Mr. Covert, the carolling officers for New Sewickly tp., was met and driven off with axes from the premises of a couple of Germans named Haus, living beyond the knob.—They were aware of his coming and his errand. He immediately returned to town, and a posse of 7 or 8 persons were dispatched, in charge of Deputy Provost Barker to compel obedience. After some trouble they arrested one of the old men and a nephew, the other escaped to the woods. Part of the posse was left to arrest him when he should return. The one now here is an old offender we understand, having been in prison at Beaver five times. This is a beginning towards enforcing the law in this county and will have a salutary effect.—*New Brighton Times, May 28th.*

☞ Hon. Joshua R. Giddings, U. S. Consul for British America, residing at Montreal, had an attack of apoplexy a short time ago. At last accounts he was in a fair way of recovery.

Arrest by the Provost Marshal and His Aids.

On Wednesday last, Capt. Cuthbertson received information that three men with seven cavalry horses passed through this place. Thinking they might be a part of Schoonmaker's regiment, 14th Pa. Cavalry, he telegraphed to Enon Valley, and being told in answer that they had passed through that place; he again put the wires to use to secure the use of a horse. He then despatched Wm. Anderson, special deputy on the first train to overtake and arrest them, which he did at Palmyra, O., on the evening of the same day.

We are informed, than an attempt was made by some of the Vallandigham school of politicians to rescue them, but were thwarted by the determined spirit of Mr. Anderson, assisted by the resident sheriff. Drawing their revolvers they placed themselves in the front and rear of the wagon into which the prisoners were put, and threatened death to any who attempted to escape or interfere. In this way they were taken to Alliance, O., from whence they were brought here by rail.

They gave their names as Wm. S. Brown, Duncan M'Laughlin and Jas. Hanton, and claim to be servants of the 5th Michigan cavalry, on their way to that State with the horses which are said to be fine stock.

Those men are still here, Capt. Cuthbertson having orders to hold them until further advised.

In addition to the above the following persons have been arrested and disposed of:

Geo. W. Corbatt; 61st Alabama arrested as a spy, discharged by Maj-Gen. Schenck, he having taken the oath of allegiance.

Wm. F. Hollenbaugh, Co. E. 134th Regt. was arrested at Rochester as a deserter and delivered to Capt. Wright of Pittsburg.

David Whetstone 23d Ohio, arrested as a deserter and discharged for want of evidence.

Robt. Porter Co. G. 14th Pa Cavalry voluntarily surrendered himself and was delivered over to Capt. Wright at Pittsburg.—*New Brighton Times.*

Crittenden on the War

We clip the following from Hon. J. J. Crittenden's remarkable speech before the Convention that nominated him for Congress. It clearly shows that the spirit of patriotism still glows in the Kentucky Congressman:

I am, therefore, for the prosecution of the war until it shall have accomplished its end. To the dissolution of this Union I never will subscribe. I am an old man, and could scuffle out the few remaining days of my life without being compelled to sanction a proposition for the dismemberment of the Union; but, notwithstanding, from principle, I would prosecute this war as long as there is a rebel in arms. The rebel Government claims Kentucky as its own, because some of her recreant sons have gone off into service. Yes, the rebels say, we will therefore, something more than a general interest in this war, you have a particular one. The South wants you; you have a rich country, and are prosperous; you can pay taxes; you are a soldiery, fighting people, and if they can conquer you, you may be made to serve them well. What Kentuckian will not say the war shall be prosecuted to the last extremity by those who were born in the land of fair women and brave men?" [Great cheers.] I tell you the rebellion never shall, never can, subjugate you, if you are determined they shall not.—[Applause.]

Confessed Himself an Abolitionist

The following letter is from Admiral D. Porter's flag surgeon, an officer who has always entertained strong Southern feelings:

U. S. FLAG SHIP BLACK HAWK,
Above Vicksburg, April 12, '63.

You ask me whether the negro will fight. I answer most emphatically yes. At Fort Hindman, when our storming party was forming, the first man who stepped forward for the scaling ladder was a contraband. All our spies are negroes. A contraband saved our expedition up Deer Creek. We sowed the dispatches in his cap, and sent him twenty miles for reinforcements, and when I saw the black face emerging through the smoke of the enemy's fire the next day and yelled, "Your people is a coming!" my opinion of the negroes went up five hundred per cent. Let a man tell me the negro is a coward, and I'll tell him to his face he lies. I have seen enough of slavery, and am an abolitionist of the very worst kind.

IS IT WISE?—Some of our Catholic journal's in the east are now engaged in a strange work. First—advocating the perpetity of slavery, the greatest wrong that one man can do unto another, second—exposing the powers that be to contempt, and inviting the people to disobedience; third—encouraging resistance to law; and fourth—giving aid and comfort to those in oreoilion against the authorities. Doubt friends suppose that these things will be forgotten, or that the Church will not be made to suffer for their intectives? Those journals have prophesied that when the South has been vanquished the Catholics will be the next victims.—Is this the way to avert the evil?—Is it not rather "treasuring up wrath?" We hope, indeed, that our anticipations may prove groundless, but we fear much that they will be sadly realized.—*Catholic Telegraph.*

☞ The cargo of the Great Eastern contains two hundred tons of Iron plates for the United States Government.

A Disgraceful Spectacle.

On Thursday last, a committee, headed by a person named Charles H. Utermehle, who with his reputation, purported to represent the Common Council of Washington City, waited on Gen. George B. M'Clellan, at his residence in Thirty-first street, in this city, and presented him with an illuminated scroll, containing complimentary resolutions from that august body. There were present, it is said, twenty or thirty lookers on, while a person who is characterized in the report as *General* Fitz John Porter, stood by M'Clellan's side and shared the honors with him. Mr. Utermehle handed over the resolutions with an address, which wound up by expressing the wish that the recipient would soon again be at the head of the army of Union. M'Clellan replied that he hoped the fortune of war would never again make that sacrifice on his part necessary. After this, the congenial company relapsed into general conversation, during which General M'Clellan expressed himself much grieved at the death of Stonewall Jackson, spoke of him as 'true' and valiant, but declared Lee to be the ablest General the Confederates have. It appears also that General Porter, along with his associate, M'Clellan, was asked many questions relative to the state of the country, which, says the reporter, he 'replied to with the utmost frankness.' The report further states, that there were several New York celebrities in attendance, and we are much disappointed in not being furnished with their names.—We would like much to know who it was that was of New York, or of any section North, who would remain on terms of association with a leprous traitor, whose epaulettes had been torn from his dishonored shoulders for betraying his country and comrades on the field of battle? We had hoped there were no Northern men would have shared this infamy with George B M'Clellan, and every one must feel that the public are entitled to know who they were. As for M'Clellan and his social endorsement of a traitor, whom the Government has blasted with a sentence which makes him a horror to every loyal citizen, he should be promptly stricken from the army rolls for this audacious insult to its verdict. If he be willing to regard Porter as his equal, after he has been convicted as a traitor and rendered forever ineligible to be again trusted by the State, the Government should speedily help to make him in all things equal to Porter, by reducing them to a common rank.—Public attention is widely drawn to this case, and the people will expect some action on it from the Government.

How They Do in Dixie.

If a man speaks or writes against our Confederate cause, he is branded and expelled as a traitor or public enemy.—*Mobile Register.*

and according to the rules of war and the laws and doings of all nations in time of war, and especially in time of civil war. But we have a class, sometimes called—who, though they think it well enough in the Southern confederacy, condemn all such proceedings on the part of the Government—They want to say what they please, against the Government and in favor of the rebellion, and claim that they have a right to, without let or hindrance. They claim the right to denounce the Government, denounce the rebellion, incite sedition and resistance to the lawful authorities in peaceful communities; in short to talk and publish treason, disloyalty and sedition as much as they please, but that it is wrong and arbitrary and unconstitutional—an abridgement of the sacred right of the freedom of speech and the press, to interfere with them?—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

A Reason for Hastening the Draft.

A New York gentleman relates that he inquired of some returned soldiers he met how they liked the service—They liked it so well that they were impatient to return to the army, they replied. They explained thereupon, that they intended to re-enlist, but meant to wait until the draft began, as they desired to get three hundred dollars by acting as substitutes. Now, the men cannot be blamed for this, they see before them the opportunity to get, instead of one hundred dollars bounty from the Government, three hundred from a private source—and they wait for that chance. Let the Government hurry on the draft; there is reason to believe that a large part of the returned soldiers will re-enlist as "substitutes."

INTERESTING INTERVIEW WITH THE PRESIDENT.—Thirty or forty crippled soldiers, most of whom had lost a leg in battle, being about to leave the Insane Asylum Hospital, where they had been quartered, for home, signified their desire to pay their respects to President. He received them in the East Room. After shaking hands with each of his "boys," as he called them, he made a few remarks, in the course of which he thanked them for their services to the country, and expressed his admiration for their valor and gallantry, and his sympathy for their fate. The scene was impressive and significant.

FROM KENTUCKY.—The attempt of the rebels to invade Kentucky has been brought to an abrupt and inglorious end, by the movements of the Union army in Mississippi. The vigorous operations of our troops in that quarter have evidently overturned the calculations of the "Confederate Generals," and compelled them to contract their lines. The people of Kentucky will be the first to receive a practical benefit from the victories in the States south of them.

The Aid of Science in War.

A letter from the Army of the Potomac says:—The aid which science has brought to bear since the commencement of the rebellion, were well illustrated during the late battle on the Rappahannock. When the army crossed the river to Chancellorsville, the wires followed, and communication was at once established with the different corps. As soon as Gen. Hooker was ready for action, he telegraphed to Prof. Lowe to know the weakest point of the enemy's lines. The answer from the balloon was, "The heights of Fredericksburg." Soon the order came for Sedgwick to storm that point; and all know how brilliantly this was done. He was then ordered to advance and effect a junction with Hooker, which order was communicated by telegraph part of the way, and by signal the other part, but he was prevented from doing this on account of the enemy being massed in front of him. It was then discovered that a large body of rebels had succeeded in making a flank movement, and repossessing themselves of the entrenchments he had so recently taken, thus cutting him off from Fredericksburg and his base of supplies. An order then came for him to retreat by Bank's Ford, which was communicated by signal directly over the heads of the enemy in his rear, and bridges having been laid in spite of the efforts of rebel sharpshooters to prevent it, succeeded in crossing in safety, thus escaping from a position where annihilation or capture seemed inevitable.

Rebel Accounts from Jackson Mississippi.

The Richmond *Examiner* of May 25th says: From an extra of the Memphis *Appeal*, published on the wings we learn some particulars of the capture of Jackson. At nine o'clock a. m. the town was stunned by the boom of cannon. Wagons, drays and departing railroad trains acquired fabulous importance; yet after all these vehicles had been appropriated, they were found insufficient for accommodation of half the people who wished to escape the coming Yankees. The little government property that had not been warehoused into the stores, and appropriated by our soldiers and citizens. It had been determined to make no serious resistance, and these regiments only were sent out to retard the advance of the enemy. We had ten pieces of cannon in the rifle-pits beyond the town, which did good service. At twelve o'clock our troops retired through Jackson, slowly and in good order.

Gen Hooker on His Last Movement.

Gen. Hooker, writes a Falmouth correspondent, looks upon the last movement with anything but dissatisfaction in the grand result, and says he "Good people will cease to write official report is published. The General has been receiving about fifty letters of condolence daily, from all parts of the country, since the battle, upbraiding the rebel army than taking Richmond. He did not care about sacrificing the flower of the Union army in pushing the rebels toward the strongholds of Richmond, but to encounter another fresh army from Suffolk. There is one man at Headquarters whose business is to extract the official lists of killed and wounded published in the Richmond papers. These footings already foot over 25,000. It is in vain for the rebels to deny the aggregate when the details, officially signed, are admitted in the *Enquirer* and the *Dispatch*.—Gen. Hooker sets down our killed and wounded, reported up the time, at 8,200, and thinks his official report will aggregate the entire loss at less than 10,000 men.

KIDNAPPING.—The Somerset (Pa.) *Herald* says: "The most nefarious outrage ever perpetrated in this county, took place within two miles of our town on Tuesday evening of last week. Two young male contrabands, said to have escaped from bondage in Virginia, and who were pursued by a couple of slave catchers, were chased and run down by these men on horseback, on the Jenner Turnpike, two miles north of the town, captured handcuffed, and hurried by night through by-paths, out of the county, and, we presume, ere this, are with their masters, in rebeldom. To the disgrace of our community, it is alleged, that the proprietor of our principal hotel voluntarily accompanied the miscreants, and assisted to hunt down and kidnap the miserable fugitives. As this outrage was perpetrated without a pretense of legal authority, without warrant, and in direct violation of the fugitive slave act, the President's proclamation, and the laws of the State, we trust yet to see the citizen of this borough who participated in this outrage, pay the penalty of his offense.

SKEDADDLERS.—There are now three wondering Governors in the rebel States, who have skedaddled from the Executive mansions in their respective capitals, and will be forced hence-forth to issue their edicts and proclamations from the wayside. Their names are Harris of Tennessee, Moore of Louisiana, and Thompson of Mississippi. There is also a wandering newspaper called the *Appeal*, originally published in Memphis, and after several removals, in Jackson, Miss., whence it has lately been forced to move again.

GEN. M'CALL RESTORED.—An order has just been issued by the War Department directing that Gen. M'Call be restored to command. A Westchester paper says that nevertheless Gen. M'Call has tendered his resignation.

From Vicksburg.

WASHINGTON, May 29, 11, p. m.—Official dispatches from Gen. Grant, dated near Vicksburg, Monday, May 25th, have been received at the War Department to-day. They represent the siege of Vicksburg as progressing satisfactorily, and that Gen. Grant is abundantly able to maintain his investment of the town, and repel any attack on his rear.

Four thousand five hundred rebel prisoners, captured by Gen. Grant, arrived at Memphis to-day.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Unofficial dispatches received here to-day from the army of Gen. Grant, dated the 26th represent no material change in affairs since the 25th. On the evening of that day Pemberton asked two and a half hours of truce to bury their dead, which was granted.—There is no truth in the rumored death of Gen. Steele.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The following was received at the Navy Department to-day:

Flag Ship Black Hawk, Mississippi Squadron near Vicksburg, via Carro, May 30.—To Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of War: Sir, I have the honor to inform you that the expedition I sent up Yazoo under Lieut. Walker, after taking the Forts at Haines' Bluff, was perfectly successful. Three powerful steam rams were destroyed at Yazoo City. One was a monster three hundred and ten feet long and seventy feet beam, to be covered with four-inch iron plates.—A fine navy yard with machine shops of all kinds—saw mills, blacksmiths shops, &c., burned. The property destroyed and captured amounted to over two million dollars. Had the monster iron ram been finished she would have given us some trouble.—One battery was destroyed at Haines' Bluff. Our loss one killed and seven wounded. D. D. PORTER,
Acting Rear Admiral Commanding.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 29.—Advices received from the City of Mexico via Acapulco, up to the 6th inst., have been received.

Up to the 5th inst. the French continued the bombardment of Puebla, making but little progress. It is believed that the French will soon be compelled to abandon the siege.—Gen. Bazaine had commenced an important movement, designing to get in the rear of the Puebla and then throw his 15,000 troops in Puebla and strengthen Gen. Ortega.

On the 7th, Comonfort telegraphed to Juarez: "The enemy is now a mile and a half from our position. He keeps up a slight cannonade on Puebla. All his attention is given to my movements. My line extends to San Puebla del Monte. The soldiers are very enthusiastic, and I intend to profit by it. COMONFORT.

PORTRESS MONROE, May 29.—The election at Norfolk, and Portsmouth, entered from there was carried. In the afternoon the citizens of Portsmouth had a pole-raising, the whole occasion speeches were made by Colonel [illegible] and several prominent citizens. Seventy-five deserters from a Mississippi regiment came into Suffolk Va. They have taken the oath of allegiance and are to be sent North by the Baltimore boat to-night. The election in this district passed off harmoniously as far as heard from except in the Hampton precinct. There are two sets of Congressmen, Hon. Mr. Segar and Dr. G. H. Watson, each of whom claim to be elected.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The *Herald* contains the following dispatch:—*Head-quarters, Army of the Potomac, May 28.*—The enemy is in motion.—Their trains being observed moving toward Culpepper, following a heavy column of troops. Gen. Lee, it is said, has issued an address to his army congratulating them upon their past achievements, and foreshadowing a raid into Maryland. He tells them they are to have long and rapid marches through a country without railroad, and calls upon every man to be prepared for the severest hardships.

The trains of the enemy have been seen for several days moving from the depot of supplies at the Fredericksburg, and balloon reconnoissances have discovered a large column pushing rapidly in the direction of Culpepper. Whether the army intends making a raid into Maryland or are endeavoring to get between Gen. Hooker's army and Washington, we are unable to determine.

Every one is on the *qui vive*, and stirring news may be expected soon from the army of the Potomac. Everything remains quiet along the rivers. A few additional rifle pits are being thrown up on the south bank, but the rebel pickets lounge in the shade as usual, apparently oblivious to all operations outside of their own sphere.

A NOVEL PARADE.—In Camden, N. J., on Friday afternoon, twenty-eight soldiers, under command of Captain Louis Loeb, all of whom had lost a leg in battle, paraded through the streets on crutches. Others in the parade, who had lost an arm and were otherwise wounded, formed a truly novel and affecting scene.

☞ The Secretary of War has awarded medals to the survivors of Gen. Mitchell's secret expedition into the interior of Georgia, and also to the families of those whom the Confederates executed

STEAMER CAPTURED.—The Washington *Star* says that a letter received on Wednesday states that a large rebel steamer, heavily loaded with cotton, has been captured off Charleston.

☞"Costar's" Rat Exterminator is the simplest, safest, cheapest and surest remedy; the most perfect Ratification meeting we have ever attended. Every rat that can get it, properly prepared according to directions, will eat it, and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where the medicine was taken.—*Lake Shore (Mich.) Mirror.*

See advertisement in this paper.—Sold by Dr. C. P. Cummins & Son, Beaver, Pa.

REBEL LIEUTENANT-GENERALS.—The Richmond *Examiner* says it is rumored that Gen. A. P. Hill and Gen. Ewell have been appointed Lieutenant-Generals.

☞In New Jersey it is said to be the intention of about two thirds of the returned volunteers to enlist for the war.

MARRIED—May 21st, by Rev. Darrington, at the residence of Rev. A. W. Reed, the officiating minister, Mr. HENRY DOUTHITT to Miss MARY CLANE, all of Beaver county, Pa.

April 7th, 1863, at the Hotel of Wm. Johnson, in Rochester, by Rev. D. A. Cunningham, Mr. HUGH McFALL, and Miss LEDIAH ANDERSON, both of East Liverpool, O.

On the 28th ult., by the Rev. J. M. Shaw, Mr. J. B. P. IRWIN, of Denver City, Colorado Territory, and Miss ELIZA AIRNS, of Industry, Beaver county, Pa.

On the 12th ult., by the Rev. John Reed, of Freedom, Mr. JOHN WOFF, of this county, to Miss MARY ——, of Beaver county.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.		$7 00
do	" 100 lbs	3 75
Dried Apples per bushel		1 50
do Peaches	"	3 50
Wheat	"	1 40
Corn	"	90
Rye	"	1 00
Oats	"	60
Barley	"	
Clover Seed,	"	
Timothy Seed	"	6 00
Flax Seed,	"	2 00
Potatoes,	"	3 00
Onions,	"	2 75
Tomatoes,	"	75
Apples,	"	1 00
Peaches,	"	1 00
Eggs,	"	
Butter,	" dozen	10
Lard,	" lb	12
Tallow,	"	10
Hams,	"	8
Shoulders,	"	9
Sides,	"	10
Chickens,	"	15
Turkeys,	"	15
Geese,	"	8
Vinegar,	" Gallon	30
Coal Oil,	"	50

$75 Employment! $75.

AGENTS WANTED.

We will pay $25 to $75 per month, and expenses, to active Agents, or give a liberal commission. Dollars sent free. Address Excelsior Manufacturing Company, B. JAMES, Manager. may8

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!!

AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE,

AT

FORTUNE'S NEW STORE

IN ROCHESTER,

(Near the Post Office.)

Is receiving a choice assortment of

NEW GOODS,

Some part of which are

DRESS GOODS, MOZ AMBIQUES,
DELAINES, LAWNS,
PRINTS, GINGHAMS,
MUSLINS, TICKING,
BALMORALS, JEANS,
HOOP SKIRTS, HOSIERY,
CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS,
GAITERS, TRIMMINGS,
BONNETS, HATS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
BUTTONS, RUCHES,

Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,
Men's, Boys' and Children's Shoes,
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, per yard,
Window Shades, very low,
Groceries, Queensware, Glassware, cheap.

Shawls

Lower than ever. Look at the stock which my stock was purchased, and I am sure to offer great inducements to buy. Come one! Come all! to the New Store in Rochester, and save 25 per cent. in buying what you need.

Respectfully,
F. A. FORTUNE.

Wool Growers' Convention

OF THE WOOL GROWERS of the north side of the Ohio river, in Pittsburgh, will be held in Mechanics' Pittsburgh, on the 15th day of June, at the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of establishing a uniform price for wool, to correspond with other sections of country, and to transact any other business relating to Wool-growers.

CONSCRIPTION ACT.—The U. S. Conscription or National Militia Act of 1863, complete, in pamphlet form, containing the only honorable way of escaping the draft—post-paid, to one address for 25 cts. by the Agent.

H. W. HARPER,
Box 1331, Pittsburg, Pa.

BEAVER

FEMALE SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

and continue 12 weeks. The aim of the Principal will be to make its pupils thorough, especially in the common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c., ... $38 00
Tuition, varies from $3.00 to $8.00
For further particulars inquire of the Trustees or Faculty.

R. T. TAYLOR.

BOOK'S RESTORATIVE CORDIA

Prepared in Rochester, the genuine article, for sale at the Drug Store of

Dr. C. P. CUMMINS.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c. Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Put up in 25c. 50c. and $1 Boxes. Bottles and Flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
☞Sold by all Druggists and Retailers.
☞Beware! of all worthless imitations.
☞See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
☞Address HENRY R. COSTAR,
☞Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, N. Y.
☞Sold by C. P. CUMMINS & SON,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
may13'63 Beaver, Pa.

A NEW FEATURE

IN MARBLE WORK

THE subscriber has purchased from the Patentee the right to use, in this county, new and beautiful invention for protecting LIKENESSES IN TOMB STONES and is now prepared to furnish

Monuments or Head-Stones,

with this useful improvement at exceedingly low prices.

THE SHIELD

serves to screen and protect the picture of the deceased, and becomes a neat and appropriate ornament to the stone. Pictures are put in

AIR-TIGHT CASES,

and are made to preserve their original beauty and expression for many years.

All kinds of marble work, military designs etc, executed on short notice.

W. H. MARSHALL,
may6 Rochester Marble Works.

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing, Monday, Apr. 20, 1863.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:25 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:10 A. M.
1:05 P. M.	" "	3:20 P. M.
5:05 P. M.	" "	8:00 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:00 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:40 A. M.
12:40 P. M.	" "	3:20 P. M.

P. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	5:10 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	6:45 P. M.	8:25 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	3:05 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Mail, "	5:25 P. M.	7:05 P. M.
1st Express, "	1:20 A. M.	2:25 A. M.
2d Express, "	2:00 P. M.	3:05 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp. "	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Crostline Accom.	9:00 A. M.	10:25 A. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	12:50 A. M.	1:32 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	4:55 P. M.	6:14 P. M.
3d " "	8:00 P. M.	8:09 P. M.
Mail, "	7:00 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
1st Express, "	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express, "	12:40 P. M.	1:50 P. M.

AUG BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JANE MILLER, late of Darlington township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN D. VAUGHEN, Darlington tp.
may6'62 Executor.

Lost Dog.

LOST in Rochester, on the 21st of October, a Black Shepherd Dog, with white ring around his neck, and white tip on the end of his tail; answers to the name of "Ring." Any person finding said dog will be suitably rewarded by leaving him at Johnston's Hotel, near Rochester Depot; or at the residence of the subscriber in New Sewickly tp.

nov12 JOHN GARRARD.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.....J. M. CUMMINS, M. D.

C. P. Cummins & Son,

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found when not professionally engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.

Dec3'62

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of DAVID SCOTT, late of Brighton tp., township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW WATTERSON,
Brighton tp.,
April 15, '63. Administrator.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of REBECCA HULL, dec'd., late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

MARVIN HULL, Economy tp.,
ap22 Executor.

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information. Address GEO. EDWD SEARS,
marl6. 181 William St., N. Y.

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

THE LOYAL VOTES OF BEAVER COUNTY, without distinction of party, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the NATIONAL AND STATE ADMINISTRATIONS, in their patriotic efforts to suppress a sectional and unholy rebellion against the UNITY OF THE REPUBLIC, and who desires to support, by every power of the government, our heroic brethern, in arms, who are braving diseases, and the perils of the field, to preserve the UNION OF OUR FATHERS, are requested to meet at their several places of holding elections on SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, (in the townships between the hours of 2 and 6, P. M., and in the Boroughs between 7 and 9, P. M.) and choose Delegates to a Convention, to be held at the Court House, in Beaver, on MONDAY JUNE 15th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for County and district offices. The several townships and boroughs will be entitled to elect delegates according to the following apportionment:

Borough	4	Industry	3
Bridgewater	2	Independence	2
Big Beaver	4	Marion	2
Brighton	3	Moon	3
Chippewa	3	New Brighton	4
Darlington	4	New Sewickly	4
Economy	4	North Sewickly	3
Fallston	3	Ohio	4
Franklin	2	Patterson	2
Freedom boro	2	Phillipsburg	2
Freedom dist	2	Pulaski	2
Greene	4	Rochester boro	4
Frankfort	4	Rochester tp	2
M'Guire	4	Raccoon	4
Hopewell	3	South Beaver	4

By order of County Committee.
D. L. IMBRIE, *Ch'n.*
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, *Sec'y.*

CANDIDATES will bear in mind, that an announcement to insure insertion, must be accompanied with TWO DOLLARS.

Announcements.

We are authorized to announce the names of the following persons as candidates for the different offices named below, subject to the decision of the Union Convention:

Assembly,
WILLIAM HENRY, Fallston.

Sheriff,
JOSEPH LEDLIE, Beaver.
JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver.
DAVID JOHNSTON, Fallston.
JAMES A. ANDERSON, Big Beaver.
A. J. COOK, Darlington.
JOHN S. DARRAGH, Rochester.
ABRAHAM B. WOLF, Farmer, Brighton tp.

Register & Recorder,
ALFRED R. MOORE, Beaver.
DAVID WOODRUFF, Bridgewater.

Treasurer,
JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver.
MOSES B. WELSH, Beaver.
JAMES BRITTAIN, Moon.
Capt. MILO B. ADAMS, Bridgewater.
WM. C. HUNTER, Brighton tp.
ALBERT G. HENRY, Beaver.

Clerk of Court,
JOHN A. FRAZIER, Darlington.
WILLIAM S. BARCLAY, Beaver.
JAMES HARPER, Borough tp.

Commissioner,
JOHN H. BEIGHLEY, Economy tp.
ELI D. EVANS, North Sewickly.
JACKSON, SLOAN, Freedom.
JOHN GARRARD, New Sewickly.
N. P. KERR, Freedom boro

Coroner,
ELI REED, Beaver.

Poor House Director,
JOHN K. POTTER, Raccoon.
JOHN WHITE, Hopewell.
ROBERT COOPER, Moon.

Auditor,
JOSEPH M'CLURE, Bridgewater.
HUGH J. MARSHALL, Big Beaver.
T. W. PENNELL, Chippewa.

Trustees of Academy.
Rev. D. A. CUNNINGHAM, Bridgew'r.
DR. S. CUNNINGHAM, Beaver.

TO

PHYSICIANS & DRUGGISTS.

THE undersigned would inform Physicians and Druggists that, owing to an increasing demand, he is now prepared to manufacture on a larger scale than heretofore all articles of the Pharmacopœia. These will be of the strength and quality as dispensed in the Prescription Department of my store, and will be found superior in strength to most in market. I guarantee them to be of the proper strength and purity.

Some preparations offered are new, but will be made official in the new Pharmacopœia soon to be issued, and will be found to be valuable remedies.

Any information as regards their strength, uses and qualities will be sent to those desiring it.

I would advise Physicians who have been disappointed in the effect of any remedy, to try those of my manufacture.

They include—

Compound Extract of Colocynth.
Fluid Extracts of Dandelion, Buchu, Ergot, Gentian, Lipulin Valerian, Wild Cherry Bark, and others.
Citrate of Iron and Citrate of Iron and Quinine; very soluble,
Wine of Iron and Wine of Iron and Bark, agreeable; chalybeates,
Syrup of the Hypophosphites;
Cerate of the Extract of Cantharides; a more reliable preparation than the common Cerate.
Oxalate of Cerium; useful in obstinate vomiting.
Elixir of Valerianate of Ammonia; a valuable remedy for nervous or sick headache, where a nervous stimulant and antacid is indicated.
Solution of Bi-meconate of Morphia: same strength as Laudanum and more agreeable in its effects.
Pyro phosphate of Iron; soluble.

These, together with all rare and fine chemicals and other medicinal articles, furnished in any quantities.

I am prepared to make chemical examinations of Ores, Drugs, Oils, Waters, &c.

GEO. W. WEYMAN,
Cor. 3d & Smithfield sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Dividend No. 10.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, May 6, 1863.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, for the past 6 months, has been declared this day, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, on DEMAND. This dividend will be free of the United States Tax, the Bank having assumed the payment of the same to the Government. EDWARD HOOPS,
my18'63 Cashier

JOHN B. WILLIAMS,
BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER,
(Shop one door east of Proudley's Hotel,)
BRIDGEWATER, PENN'A.

THE SOLDIERS TRUE FRIEND ALWAYS READY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the soldier must endure, MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS, when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger, think what relief a pot of this ALL HEALING & COOLING Salves will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous, while for

SABRE CUTS AND GUNSHOT WOUNDS

at stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflammation and gently drawing the edges together, it quickly and completely heals the most frightful wounds.

WIVES AND SISTERS OF OUR VOLUNTEERS

Yo cannot put into the Knapsacks of your Husbands and Brothers, a more valuable or more necessary gift than a supply of this

EXTRAORDINARY MILITARY SALVE.

The lonely sentry walking his rounds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chill night air, is often seized the most VIOLENT PAINS, COUGHS and SUFFOCATING HOARSNESS, first symptoms of QUICK CONSUMPTION, but if supplied with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the ointment briskly rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the SEVEREST PAINS and stop the most distressing or DANGEROUS COUGH Therefore we say to the whole army,

SOLDIERS ATTENTION!!

See to your own health, do not trust to the Army supplies although most valuable. These PILLS and OINTMENT have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used in the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years Doctor Holloway has supplied all the armies in Europe, and during the CRIMEAN CAMPAIGN he established a depot at Balaclava, for the exclusive sale of these GREAT REMEDIES, many a time his special Agent there has sold over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of the Soldier in Camp, DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, SCURVY, SORES and SCROFULOUS ERUPTIONS, all disappear like a charm before these PILLS AND OINTMENT, and now while the Cry rings throughout the land,

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Do not let these brave men perish by disease, place in their hands these PRECIOUS REMEDIES, that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures, the Fevers, the Chills, and the wounds which they cannot avoid, and what is more, cannot frequently get succor in the moment of need, whereas if our brave men have only to put their hands into their Knapsacks and find there a sure remedy for all the casualties of the battle field. How many thousands of lives would this be saved who would otherwise perish before relief could be obtained.

Register's Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian Accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, 1863, for confirmation and allowance:

The first and final account of Jos. C. Wilson, Administrator of the estate of Narcissa Judy, dec'd.

The account of Samuel G. Caughey Executor of the last will of Robert Stevenson, dec'd.

The final account of John Boyd, Administrator of the estate of Dr. William S. Cochran, dec'd.

The first and final account of Joseph Connell, Administrator of the estate of Jennet Connell, dec'd.

The first and final account of John H. Whisler, Executor of the last will of Mary Whisler, dec'd.

The final account of John Craig, Executor of the last will of James Craig, dec'd.

The final account of Benj. K. Piersol, Adm'r of the estate of Rachel Piersol, dec'd.

The account of J. Stewart Elder, Administrator of the estate of William Elder, dec'd, who was Administrator of the estate of Clarinda Warren, dec'd.

The final real estate account of John H. Whisler, Adm'r of the estate of Martin W. Small, dec'd.

The First and final account of (Real estate) of Andrew Watterson, Executor of the last will of William Scott, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of John Stutz, Administrators of the estate of Samuel Smith, dec'd., who was Guardian of James Paxton, Elizabeth and Margaret Scroggs, minor children of Dr. James P. Scroggs, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of John Stutz, Administrator of the estate of Andrew Glass, dec'd., who was Guardian of Cyrus Slavin, and Sylvanus Caughey, minor children of Silas Caughey, dec'd.

The Guardian account of David Ferguson Guardian of Ann Ellen Brooks minor daughter of Matthew Brooks, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Adam Henderson, Guardian of Caroline Uriah and Seth Coulson, minor children of Uriah Coulson, dec'd.

Guardian accounts of J. T. Stockdal Guardian of Elizabeth and Sarah Ann Calhoun, minor children of James H. Calhoun, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Joseph Wehell, guardian of Esther and Elizabeth, minor children of Esther M'Creery, dec'd.

The Guardian account of George Rescher and Edwin Reeder, Ex'rs of the last will of John Snyder, dec'd., who was Guardian of Anthony Setter, jr., minor son of Anthony Setter, sr., dec'd.

A. R. MOORE,
apr22 Regist.
(New Brighton *Times* copy.)

PHOENIX

LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, 173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 21 CENTRE STREE.

ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838.

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frics, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Cornicing Cornices, Easel and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.
HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent*
May 5—3 mos.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of ALFRED C. HILL, late of Economy tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim against said estate will present them to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement.

ENOS HILL, Economy tp.,
apr29, '63. Administrator

THE SOLDIERS TRUE FRIEND ALWAYS READY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the soldier must endure, MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS, when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger, think what relief a pot of this ALL HEALING & COOLING Salves will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous, while for

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BEAVER COUNTY ss:

In the Orphans' Court, in and for Beaver county, before the Honorable Judges thereof. In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, late of the township of Ohio, Beaver co., dec'd.

Now, to wit: April 16, 1863, Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd., viz: Susan, (widow) Jesse Smith, Jos. Smith, Samuel Smith, Susan, intermarried with John Beaver, Hamilton Smith, Rachael Smith and Thomas Smith;—Joseph is dec'd., as is also his widow, but leaving four children, viz:—Isaac, Sarah, intermarried with John M. Day, Isabella and Susan, whose interest in said real estate is now vested in Jesse Smith and Samuel Smith;—said Hamilton is dec'd. as also his widow, leaving one child, Isadore, whose interest in the said real estate is vested in the said Jesse and Samuel Smith; John Beaver, husband of said Susan is dec'd, and the said Susan has since sold all her interest in said real estate to said Jesse and Samuel Smith; Rachael Smith, is now dec'd, leaving no issue; said Thomas Smith still living, but whose interest in said real estate is now vested in said Jesse and Samuel Smith; said Samuel Smith, now dec'd, but leaving a widow, Margaret, surviving, and four children, viz: John B., Susan, intermarried with Isaac Jennison, of Wayne county, O.; Mary Anne, intermarried with James Dawson, and Louisa aged 18 years, whose guardian is Daniel Dawson; said John B. Smith being now in the service of the United States in the army of the west and all others interested, to shew cause if any they have, why an Inquest, to make partition of the real estate of said dec'd. should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver aforesaid, on the first Monday (being the 1st day) of June next.

Publication, according to Rule, ordered as to the heirs residing out of the county.

(A true copy of Rule.) Attest:
apr.16'63 A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

Quarterly Statement

OF THE BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, New Brighton, May 6, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Bills and Notes discounted, active	$50,161 63
Same under protest	101 09
U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury notes	4,860 00
U. S. 5-20 6 per ct. coupon bonds	22,500 00
Furniture and Office Fixtures	1,295 95
Due from other Banks	16,311 62
Notes and Checks of other Banks	16,425 82
U. S. Legal Tender notes	42,629 00
Protest account	1 41
Coin in Vault	6,377 81
Total	$160,511 34

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in	$82,475 00
Notes in Circulation	1,915 00
Profits and Earnings	425 18
Dividends unpaid	3,7 75
Depositors	71,986 16
Total	$160,511 34

BEAVER COUNTY ss: Before me, a notary public, in and for said County, came Edward Hoops, Cashier of the Bank of Beaver County, who being duly affirmed according to law, deposeth that the above statement is correct and true, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS.

Affirmed and subscribed before me this 6th day of May, 1863. J. CUTHBERTSON, N. P.

The Eye.

DR. J. R. SPEER, 196 Penn st., Pittsburg, Pa, has done for the last twenty-five years, to the diseases, deformities and defects of this important organ.

In reply to frequent inquiries of correspondents, it may be stated that, amongst the CURABLE diseases of the eye are Cataract, where the pupil is of a dark color, and not gray, as in the Operation and Films from recent inflammation Nervous Sensibility of the Optic Nerves Strabismus, or Crooked Eyes, Inversion of the Eyelids, Ophthalmia, &c.

Films from recent inflammation; all cases in which ball of the eye is lessened or altered in form by disease of injuries.

Defects of Vision, as long or short sightedness, may generally be relieved or cured by properly adjusted glasses.

REFERENCES.—Dr. S. Cunningham, James Patterson, Esq.

License Notice.

List of Applicants for License at June Term, '63.

INNS AND TAVERNS:

B. L. Baker	Harmony tp.,
David Magaw	New Brighton,
William Johnston	Rochester,
Michael Camp	do
George Proudley	Bridgewater,
Andrew J. Cook	Darlington,
Henry Ankeny	Bridgewater,
Henry Bimber	Phillipsburgh,
John Davis	Darlington,
Andrew Swaney	Shippingport,
Andrew Lowry	New Brighton,
David Johnston	Big Beaver,
Francis Leslie	Rochester,
Adam Johnston	do.

To sell Liquors in quantities not less than 1 quart, in connection with Merchandize, etc.

George C. Speyerer	Rochester,
John S. Dickey	Bridgewater,
Francis Le Goullon	Phillipsburg.
Wm. Breitenstein	Economy tp.
Simon Cotton	do
D. S. Hamilton	Georgetown.

my13 A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY

Robert M'Creery vs. John M'Farland.

No. 166, Sept. T. 1860. Foreign Attachment.—Judgment by default.—Aff. & claim for $406 62 filed.

April 14, 1863. Rule for the Prothonotary to assess the damages and liquidate the am't of the Judgment in this case on the 4th day of June, A.D. 1863.

ap29 Attest. M. WEYAND, Pro.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY.

In the matter of the management of the trust estate and funds in the hands of James D. M'Creary, Trustee of Hannah Bush.

Notice is hereby given that the account of said Trustee has been filed in this office, and that the same will be allowed by the Court on the first day of next term, unless cause then be shown against its confirmation.

apr.29'63 M. WEYAND, Pro.

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of THOMPSON HULL, late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARVIN HULL, Economy tp.,
apr29 '63. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of JONATHAN KINSEY, late of Georgetown Boro., Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay:

ANN MARIAH KINSEY, Adm'x.,
apr29 JOHN D. MACKALL, Adm'r.

Notice.

MY wife, SUSAN WILKINSON, having left my bed and board, all persons are hereby notified not to trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

BENONI WILKINSON,
Big Beaver tp.,
mar.5'63. Lawrence co., Pa.

STATE AND COUNTY TAX.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County and State Taxes for 1863, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Georgetown,	May	26.	Hamilton's hotel
Glasgow & Ohio,	do	27.	Smith's hotel.
Industry,	do	28.	Eakin's hotel.
Phillipsburgh,	do	29.	Bimber's hotel.
Freedom,	do	30.	M'Caskey's store.
Harmony,	June	8.	Store.
Rochester tp.,	do	9.	Wm. Johnson's hotel
do boro.,	do	10.	do do
Bridgewater,	do	11.	H. Ankeny's hotel.
Patterson,	do	12.	Robertson's store.
Brighton tp.,	do	13.	R. Eakins'.
North Sewickly,	do	16.	N. Hazen's.
Franklin,	do	17.	Autenreith's store.
Marion,	do	18.	G. Hartzell.
Pulaski,	do	19.	R. Wallace.
New Brighton,	do	20.	Huron House.
New Sewickly,	do	22.	George Rausscher's.
Economy,	do	23.	George Minis's.
Chippewa,	do	24.	Mrs. Cunningham's.
Big Beaver,	do	25.	Graebing hotel.
Ohio,	do	26.	Darlington's.
Ohio & S. Beaver,	do	27.	Kerr's store.
South Beaver,	do	29.	Jos. Lawrence's
Fallston,	do	30.	Tell house.
Darlington boro,	July	2.	A. J. Cook's.
do tp.,	do	3.	J. P. Dilworth's.
Raccoon,	do	4.	B. Ewing's.
Independence,	do	7.	S. Hoodlet's.
do & Hopewell	do	8.	Reed & Kerr's store.
Hopewell,	do	9.	Robt. Scott's.
Moon,	do	10.	Wm. Elliott's.
Hookstown,	do	13.	B. Swearingen's hotel
do & Greene tp	do	14.	do do
Hanover & Greene,	do	15.	George Miller's.
Frankfort,	do	16.	M'Cutcheon's
Hanover,	do	17.	Short's store.
Borough & tp.,	do	18.	Treasurer's Office

☞Payment can be made in any solvent Banking District. Tax-Payers are expected to procure Bankable funds.

apr.22'63. G. C. BRADSHAW, Treasurer.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, all pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, nervous, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health, if she is regular, and whenever any obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known, for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, *as a timely and well regulated experience.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of one of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Especial directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor,
20 Cedar St., New York.

List of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Beaver Co., Pa., May 15th, 1863:

Hiram Meanor, et al		Hugh Anderson.	
	same		same.
Wm. M'Kinley		And'w J. Welsh, et al.	
Bank Lawrence co.		Selah Chamberlain.	
	same		same.
	same		J. & S. Cunningham
Dobbins & Boggs		Darlington M. E. Church	
George Seely		Thomas Dickson.	
N. W. Cunningham		Hugh Pennell.	
James Collins et co.		Wm. M. Shirts.	
L. Walker's Adm'rs		Burgess and Town Council of Fallston.	
George Wilson, jr.		Matthew Elder.	
Samuel R. McGowan		James Fleming et al.	
William Hays		C. W. Sill.	
Wm. F. Lafferty		James M. Wilson.	
Apr 27, '63.		M. WEYAND, Pro.	

LIST OF LETTERS UNCALLED FOR remaining in the Post Office at Rochester Pa., May 15th, 1863:

Bonzo Sophia		Miller Margaret	
Bertram A. P.		Potts Mary J.	
Bowman Joseph H		Reed Baker	
Cunningham Robt		Rapp Christ

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly*.

"The paper is excellent. . . . Remarkable for . . . ."—*N. Y. Traveller*.

". . . is conducted by a vivacious, . . . intelligent corps of journalists."—*Louisville Courier-Enquirer*.

". . . as potent an influence as that of . . . ."—*Boston Traveller*.

". . . ever finds himself laughing at the . . . SAIR, and does not return a . . . fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Tribune*.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In every marked and flattering success which has . . . attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

It enables the publisher to announce that with the . . . commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will . . . the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

VANITY FAIR

ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY.

. . . for Sale by all Newsmen, and at the . . . Publication, No 113 Nassau-street, New York.

TERMS:

Three dollars per annum, in advance—Six cents single copy.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

Two copies of VANITY FAIR will be sent to one address for.....$5 00
Five copies.....10 00
Ten copies.....20 00

An . . . copy will be allowed to the getter-up of every club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
New-York.

Office of JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT.
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, as above, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct. Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000.

The REGISTERED BONDS in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000, $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is . . . payable semi-annually, on the . . . days of . . . and . . . , at about EIGHT PER CENT. . . . .

. . . Bankers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, . . . and others, are now offered a choice security, in a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, . . . Bank Stocks and Securities, and the . . . of all the Manufacturing . . . in the country; and the full . . . protection made for the payment of . . . and Redemption of principal, by . . . Sinking Funds. Express Stamps and Internal . . . Duties to make these Bonds the . . . *Profitable Security and Most Popular Investment Now Offered.*

. . . will be received at PAR in Legal Tender . . . notes and checks of banks at . . . Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will . . . prompt attention, and every facility . . . will be afforded on application . . . to this office.

. . . supply of Bonds will be kept on hand . . . for delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

BEAVER
SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE,

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the . . . is to make its pupils thorough, as . . . as the common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the . . . of those wishing to fit themselves . . . for teaching, will be formed at the . . . of the term.

Board, including $38 00
Tuition, as above, from $3 00 to $8 00
Fuel, For further particulars inquire of the Principal or Faculty.

R. T. TAYLOR.

mar26

$30. Employment. $100

COMMERCIAL AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL GOODS FOR THE
Manufacturing Company.

WILL GIVE A COMMISSION OF . . . per cent. on all . . . sold by . . . Agents, or will pay wages of . . . per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address . . . a Stamp.

CHAS. REGGLES, Gen Ag't.
For the Adams Manufacturing Co., Bertrand, Michigan. July 2, 1862.

$50 Reward.

. . . give the above reward for the arrest and delivery to me of any person found . . . stealing materials belonging to me, or . . . setting the birds of Alexander Wolf . . . of John Fisher, near the house of . . . .

DAVID STONER.

. . . 1863.

NOTICE.

. . . MOORE, of this Borough is the . . . only licensed AUCTIONEER in the county. . . . . to perform the duties . . . . . attended. Any other . . . . . will be sold at Auction, except at A. . . . . Sale, in violation of this law, ... The penalty is not less than $100.

. . . Notice.

. . . persons having unsettled account . . . Harvey Scott & Collins, within the . . . months, for Carding, Spinning, &c., . . . to call at the Fallston Woolen Factory, . . . on or before the 1st of October, 1862; and settle the same, without fail.

. . . FRY & SCOTT.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS,
BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER,
(Same . . . east of Priestley's H . . .
. . . DITIC . . .

BEAVER
FEMALE SEMINARY.

Board of Directors—Rev D. H. A. M'LEAN, D.D.
Rev. D. A. CUNNINGHAM.
Rev. C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

THIS Seminary, having been bought by S. B. Mercer, is being thoroughly re-fitted, and re-furnished, and will be opened for the reception of Pupils, on

Monday, the 20th of April, '63.

A full corps of Teachers is being selected, who will be present at the opening of the term.

Rates, per Term of Fourteen weeks:

Board and room, furnished.....$38 00
To those furnishing a pair of sheets, pillow-slips, a blanket, and their own towels.....$36 00
Light and Fuel extra. Washing 30 cents per dozen.
Tuition.....from $4 00, to $7 00
Latin, French and Germen, each.....$5 00.

Music and all branches of Drawing and Painting will be taught at the usual prices.—

☞ For further information address any one of the Directors, or

S. B. MERCER,
feb25 Superintendent.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE

SPRING OF 1863,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

mar. 25, '63

A NEW
AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION
OF THE
MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.,

12MO., muslin; price 50 cents; paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Please address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
148 South Fourth street, Phil'a. Pa.
mar26.

JESSE JOHNSON,

General Commission Merchant
AND
Dealer in Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Country Produce. Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Office and Warehouse, No 237 South 2d street

Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments.
aug 28.

H. B. ANDERSON,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

. . . . . and for sale, for . . . .

CASH OR PRODUCE.

Beaver, January 14th, 1863.

. . . . . .

Four Parts ready in a Sealed Envelope; Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE BY Dr. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs, and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache; Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.

☞ The admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-inflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box, 4586.

KOLLOCK'S

Dandelion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without previous effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

School Books and Stationery at Wholesale Rates.

The subscriber has always on hand Osgood's & M'Guffey's Speller & Readers, Ray's, Arithmetics, Smollard's Arithmetic, Parker's Grammars, Blanks, &c. Instruments, Letter Cap and Commercial Note papers, Envelopes, Blank Books, Pens Books, Steel Pens and Holders, Copy Books, Slates, Ink, Ink Stands, Bonnet Boards, &c., &c.

Usual discount for cash. Goods packed and delivered to any part of the city.

ROBT. S. DAVIS,
feb18 73 Wood st., Pittsburgh

ELECTION.

THE Stockholders of the Company for erecting a Bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wolf Lane, in the county of Beaver, are hereby notified that an election for one President, six Managers, and a Treasurer, will be held in the Toll House of said company, on the last Monday (the 27th day) of April next, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGES can be negotiated at the PITTSBURG DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, No. 67 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburg, on favorable terms.

an21:3m C. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for circular, containing full information.

Address C. H. DAVIS,
. . . Wilmington, N. C.

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH.

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,

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CHOICE LITERATURE,

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AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture,

EMBRACING

Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected news of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms* to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5.00; three copies, one year, $5.00; Five Copies, One Year, $8.00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15.00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28.00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2.50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accompanied with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

. . . RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL
And Other
Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *indigent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, is referred for disordered minds, are referred to that lamentable condition through direct physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus, the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the existing physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it in the midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in its primitive beauty and wanted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to

E. KENDRICK, M. D.,
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

AMBROTYPES!!

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL, LIFE-LIKE PICTURES can now be had at the COURT-HOUSE, in BEAVER.

These pictures are not mere dashes, but warranted SUPERIOR to any that have ever been made in Beaver county, by any other artist. To be convinced, call and examine specimens. I will remain but a few weeks.

☞ Gallery in the same room occupied by me in 1857.

C. A. GRIFFIN,
Aug'6 Photographic Artist

A Rare chance for a Good Investment,

FOR SALE

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A COUNTRY STORE, in a good Location, with a large run of custom; situate within 13 miles of Pittsburg. Just in time for Fall and Winter Trade. Stock low at present; no unsalable goods. Terms easy. For a man of limited capital, no better chance could be offered. Store and dwelling house for sale or rent—Address "R. L." Allegheny City, Pa., giving real name, and stating where an interview . . . . . Oct 18

CRITTENDEN'S
PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL
COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its gratuates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

Knox Fruit Farm & Nurseries.

For many years we have made the cultivation of **SMALL FRUITS** a specialty, and taking into account VARIETY, QUANTITY and QUALITY, our Stock of Vines and Plants of

GRAPES, BLACKBERRIES,
STAWBERRIES, GOOSEBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES, CURRANTS, &c. &c.

is unequaled anywhere, which we offer on the most favorable terms. Parties wishing to purchase would do well to correspond with us, or send for our PRICE LIST, which will be sent to all applicants free of charge.

Our Seed Store and Horticulture House

IS AT

No. 29 Fifth Street,

where all articles belonging to such an establishment can be had of the best quality.

J. KNOX,
Box 155, Pittsburg, Pa.

WM. MILLER, Phil'a. C. W. RICKETSON, Pitts'g

MILLER & RICKETSON,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Brandies, Wines and Segars,

Nos. 223, Cor. of Liberty & Irwin sts.
PITTSBURG, PA.
Iron, Nails, ton Yarn, &c., &c., constantly on hand. [aug6

"The Union,"

Arch Street above Third,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Upton S. Newcomer, Prop'r.

THIS Hotel is central. Convenient by Passenger Railway Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the Travelling Public

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY

ESTABLISHMENT—
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.
(Four Doors below Dr. Sturgeon's Drug Store.
may7,62—1y. MRS & MISS RENO.

PITTSBURG WATER CURE.

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all forms of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

☞ For Pictorial Circular address
DR. W. N. HAMILTON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

"The Howe Sewing Machine,"
SOLD BY
A. M. M'GREGOR,
CORNER PENN ST. CLAIR STS.,
PITTSBURG, PENN'A
NEED ONLY TO BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED. [ap22—6m.

Notice

IS hereby given that I have been appointed an surgeon by the Pension Department, to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service; that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.

GEORGE McCOOK, M. D.,
Oct5—tf. Examining Surgeon.

JOY, COE & CO.,

Advertising and Commission Agents.

AND DEALERS IN

PRINTING INKS OF ALL KINDS
Type, Printing Materials,
WEBING AND PRINTING PAPER CARDS, &c

OFICES—Brown's Building, Philadelphia; Tribune Buildings, New York.
m26:1y.

JAMES S. RUTAN,
A'TORNEY AT LAW,

(DISTRICT ATTORNEY.)
BEAVER, PENN'A.

☞ Office in the Court House.

All claims against the Government for back pay, bounty and pensions, prosecuted to collection with the least possible delay. dec3'62

MILO A. TOWNSEND,

DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY
Wall Paper,
TOYS AND FANCY TEACLES
106. NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

A. R. THOMSON.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office, corner of Third street and the Diamond.

BEAVER, PA.

may 21.

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO

MANUFACTURERS OF

CARBON OIL,

ROCHESTER,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA. [ap2

Sterling House,

No. 107 Second Street

(BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET)

PITTSBURG, PENN'A.

BOARDING BY THE MEAL, DAY OR WEEK.

Terms Very Moderate.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another; Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London*," are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light*. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patient in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

600,000
MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS
TO SELL
Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 16, 1862, cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 870,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day; add will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. Address *pardon*. J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania. Cost $1,000, on which is marked Abiatum Creek, Shepherdsburg, Maryland Heights, Williamsport Ferry, Hagerstville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL. at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Bown, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,250 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets; $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. LLOYD—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

Beaver Hotel,
JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. [may62

JOHN B. YOUNG,
Att'y at Law,

(BEAVER, PA.)

☞ Office in the Court House.

Jan. 20, 1862.

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL and Blood Renovator, the genuine article for sale at the Drug Store of
. . . DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

BEAVER DRUG STORE.
Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET.

SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE, & FOOLSCAP PAPER.

Carlon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys: MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature, treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address Dr. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Advice and Information*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ Office hours from 9 to 3 daily. [mar26

MME. DEMOREST'S

Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,

THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS

FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,

COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Suck, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful

BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS.

Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for

Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,

And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway. In stamps or silver. Year $1, to which the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 300 cents worth of choice patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Liberal Inducements to Canvassers.

☞ Summer No. now ready.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in New Sewickley township, Beaver co., Pa., on the 6th of October, last, a red cow, with a white face; about 4 years old; she had a bell on, and two or three slits in the ear; no other marks visible. The owner is requested to come forward prove property, pay charges and take her away.

oct22:3t. A. P. SMITH.

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of M'CONNELL & DARROWS, Fallston, engaged in the Foundry and Machine Business, was duly dissolved on the 3d day of June, 1862. The books of the late firm will be settled by M. Darragh & Co., at their office in Fallston, Beaver county, Pa., where they will continue said business in all its branches. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately. DAVID M'CONNELL,
MATTISON DARRAGH,
Fallston, jel6, '62* S. H. DARRAGH.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having business with the subscriber will please call with Mr. Robert Tallon, who is duly authorized to attend to all business during my absence. Also all persons having unsettled accounts will call and make settlement as soon as possible. As it has become my duty to leave home for the purpose of serving my country, I hope my customers will still give their patronage as usual; as they will find Mr. Tallon at the shoe shop and my son, James, at the saw-yard.

sep3, 1862. JOHN D. STOKES.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of SARAH RUSSELL, late of Moon township Beaver county, decd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBERT DUNCAN, Moon tp.,
may13, '63 Executor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of MARGARET JOHNSTON, late of South Beaver tp., Beaver county, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOS. JOHNSTON, S. Beaver tp.
JOS. MARTIN,
may13 Executors.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y. mar26:1y.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PRO'R

ROCHESTER, PENN'A

The Bugle Calls! The War has Begun! A War of Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S
DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath and Mouth

AND

uring Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, . . . bottles.
Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, one box.
Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, . . . Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR, or SIX $5.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use is on each article.*

The following articles we can send safely, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, in stamps.

The *Neuralgia Plaster*, for Neuralgia in the Face, Nervous Headache and Earache, sent post paid, on receipt of *Eighteen Cents*, in stamps.

The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* (large size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven Cents.*

Address,

WM. B. HURD, CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* can be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Store; if they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW.

ARE DR. HURD'S PREPARATIONS . . . The best evidences that they are in the . . . firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd*, an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and a leading Dentist of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions his excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best now in the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross. . . .

We are happy to know that Dr. Hurd, in succeeding, bought out . . . with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of . . . with the fact *that his preparations are the only ones that we have ever used, that they are represented to be, and give out all their long use.*

The well known P. T. Barnum has found your TOOTH POWDER a . . . family have used it all up. We . . . *powder for the teeth we have ever used*, I feel obliged if you will send me another supply according to direction, and . . . surely follow. Nothing can . . . to Dr. Hurd's Compress for . . . them. They are entirely a . . . original preparation, and wonderful! They are of two sizes, one . . . face, price 12½ cents, and the . . . application to the body, price . . . *be worked on receipt of name and . . .*

WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE . . .

The American people are . . . appreciate preparations that . . . to happiness of those using . . . want them. Every mail brings . . . ordering the Treatise on Teeth, . . . ralgia Plasters, and not a few . . . for the Mouth Wash, to be sent . . . to these we are compelled to . . . impossible to send a Lady's . . . The people want these Remedies, *supply them!*

Now is the

CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make . . . carrying these articles are . . . Dental Treasury is the neatest . . . man or woman can carry . . . one and see, or, better, a . . . will sell, as samples, at 25 . . . liberally with circulars. . . . to go into the business, . . . a profit. We are spending . . . benefit of agents. New . . . men! here is something . . . take the tide at its flood. . . .

WM. B. HURD & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

That remittances may be made . . . dence, W. B. H. & Co., refer to . . . Brooklyn; to G. W. Grimith, Pres't . . . Cr's and Citizens Bank, Brooklyn; . . . Co., New York; to P. T . . . York, etc., etc.